Safety Data Sheet
According To Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules And Regulations Date of issue: 03/19/2015

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION

Product Identifier **Product Form:** Mixture

Product Name: Windshield De-Icer Washer Fluid

Product Code: 31000, 31000G55 **Intended Use of the Product**

Windshield Wash

Name, Address, and Telephone of the Responsible Party

Company

Star brite Inc.

4041 SW 47th Avenue Fort Lauderdale, FL 33314 (954)587-6280

www.starbrite.com

Emergency Telephone Number

Emergency Number : US: (800) 424-9300; International: (703) 527-3887 (CHEMTREC)

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification of the Substance or Mixture

Classification (GHS-US)

Flam. Liq. 3 H226 Acute Tox. 3 (Oral) H301 Acute Tox. 3 (Dermal) H311 STOT SE 1 H370

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

Label Elements GHS-US Labeling

Hazard Pictograms (GHS-US)







Signal Word (GHS-US) Danger

: H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor. **Hazard Statements (GHS-US)**

H301+H311 - Toxic if swallowed or in contact with skin.

H370 - Causes damage to organs.

Precautionary Statements (GHS-US) : P210 - Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames, hot surfaces. No smoking.

P233 - Keep container tightly closed.

P240 - Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical, lighting, ventilating equipment.

P242 - Use only non-sparking tools.

P243 - Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

P260 - Do not breathe mist, spray, vapors.

P264 - Wash hands, forearms, and exposed areas thoroughly after handling.

P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P280 - Wear eye protection, protective clothing, protective gloves.

P301+P310 - IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

P303+P361+P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing.

Rinse skin with water/shower.

P307+P311 - If exposed: Call a poison center/doctor.

P321 - Specific treatment (see Section 4).

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P330 - Rinse mouth.

P361 - Take off immediately all contaminated clothing.

P363 - Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

P370+P378 - In case of fire: Use alcohol resistant foam, dry extinguishing powder, carbon dioxide (CO_2), water to extinguish.

P403+P235 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

P405 - Store locked up.

P501 - Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national, territorial, provincial, and international regulations.

Other Hazards

Exposure may aggravate those with pre-existing eye, skin, or respiratory conditions. Risk of explosion if heated under confinement. Components of the product may be absorbed into the body through the skin.

Unknown Acute Toxicity (GHS-US) Not available

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Mixture

	<u> </u>		
Name	Product Identifier	% (w/w)	Classification (GHS-US)
Methyl alcohol	(CAS No) 67-56-1	35	Flam. Liq. 2, H225
			Acute Tox. 3 (Oral), H301
			Acute Tox. 3 (Dermal), H311
			Acute Tox. 3 (Inhalation:vapor), H331
			STOT SE 1, H370
1,2-Propylene glycol	(CAS No) 57-55-6	10	Not classified

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of First Aid Measures

General: Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

Inhalation: Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Ventilate the area. Call a POISON CENTER/doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

Skin Contact: Remove contaminated clothing. Drench affected area with water for at least 15 minutes. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Eye Contact: Rinse cautiously with water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Seek medical attention.

Ingestion: Do NOT induce vomiting. Rinse mouth. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

Most Important Symptoms and Effects Both Acute and Delayed

General: Causes damage to organs. Toxic if swallowed. Toxic in contact with skin.

Inhalation: May cause respiratory irritation. Dizziness. Headache. Cough. Visual disturbances. Weakness.

Skin Contact: Toxic in contact with skin. Absorption through the skin may occur from direct contact. Redness, pain, swelling, itching, burning, dryness, and dermatitis.

Eye Contact: May cause eye irritation. Redness, pain.

Ingestion: Toxic if swallowed. Ingestion will cause narcotic effects including, but not limited to: nausea, vomiting, abdominal pain, dizziness, incoordination, and respiratory depression. This material contains methanol, which, when ingested, may cause acidosis and ocular toxicity ranging from diminished visual capacity to complete blindness, and possible death.

Chronic Symptoms: None expected under normal conditions of use.

Indication of Any Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed

Contains methanol. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible).

SECTION 5: FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing Media

Suitable Extinguishing Media: Powder, alcohol-resistant foam, water spray, carbon dioxide (CO₂).

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media: Do not use a heavy water stream. A heavy water stream may spread burning liquid.

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Special Hazards Arising From the Substance or Mixture

Fire Hazard: Flammable liquid and vapor.

Explosion Hazard: May form flammable/explosive vapor-air mixture. Heat may build pressure, rupturing closed containers, spreading fire and increasing risk of burns and injuries.

Reactivity: Reacts with strong oxidants causing fire and explosion hazard.

Advice for Firefighters

Precautionary Measures Fire: Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire.

Firefighting Instructions: Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers. In case of major fire and large quantities: Evacuate area. Fight fire remotely due to the risk of explosion. Do not allow run-off from firefighting to enter drains or water sources. Do not breathe fumes from fires or vapors from decomposition.

Protection During Firefighting: Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection.

Hazardous Combustion Products: Carbon oxides (CO, CO₂).

Reference to Other Sections

Refer to section 9 for flammability properties.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures

General Measures: Use special care to avoid static electric charges. Do NOT breathe vapor, mist, spray. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames, incompatible materials, combustible materials, and other ignition sources. No smoking.

For Non-Emergency Personnel

Protective Equipment: Use appropriate personal protection equipment (PPE).

Emergency Procedures: Evacuate unnecessary personnel.

For Emergency Personnel

Protective Equipment: Use appropriate personal protection equipment (PPE).

Emergency Procedures: Evacuate unnecessary personnel. Eliminate ignition sources. Stop leak if safe to do so. Ventilate area.

Environmental Precautions

Prevent entry to sewers and public waters.

Methods and Material for Containment and Cleaning Up

For Containment: Contain any spills with dikes or absorbents to prevent migration and entry into sewers or streams.

Methods for Cleaning Up: Clear up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Absorb and/or contain spill with inert material, then place in suitable container for disposal. Eliminate all ignition sources. Use only non-sparking tools. Do not take up in combustible material such as: saw dust or cellulosic material. Contact competent authorities after a spill.

Reference to Other Sections

See heading 8, Exposure Controls and Personal Protection. Concerning disposal elimination after cleaning, see item 13.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for Safe Handling

Additional Hazards When Processed: Handle empty containers with care because residual vapors are flammable.

Hygiene Measures: Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety procedures. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking, or smoking and again when leaving work. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

Conditions for Safe Storage, Including Any Incompatibilities

Technical Measures: Proper grounding procedures to avoid static electricity should be followed. Use explosion-proof electrical, lighting, and ventilating equipment.

Storage Conditions: Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Store locked up. Keep in fireproof place. Keep container closed when not in use. Keep/Store away from direct sunlight, extremely high or low temperatures and incompatible materials.

Incompatible Materials: Strong acids. Strong bases. Strong oxidizers.

Specific End Use(s) Windshield Wash

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control Parameters

For substances listed in section 3 that are not listed here, there are no established Exposure limits from the manufacturer, supplier, importer, or the appropriate advisory agency including: ACGIH (TLV), NIOSH (REL), OSHA (PEL), Canadian provincial governments, or the Mexican government

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Methyl alcohol (67-56-1)			
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	200 ppm	
USA ACGIH	ACGIH STEL (ppm)	250 ppm	
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	260 mg/m³	
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	200 ppm	
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m³)	260 mg/m³	
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (ppm)	200 ppm	
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (STEL) (mg/m³)	325 mg/m³	
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (STEL) (ppm)	250 ppm	
USA IDLH	US IDLH (ppm)	6000 ppm	
Alberta	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	328 mg/m³	
Alberta	OEL STEL (ppm)	250 ppm	
Alberta	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	262 mg/m³	
Alberta	OEL TWA (ppm)	200 ppm	
British Columbia	OEL STEL (ppm)	250 ppm	
British Columbia	OEL TWA (ppm)	200 ppm	
Manitoba	OEL STEL (ppm)	250 ppm	
Manitoba	OEL TWA (ppm)	200 ppm	
New Brunswick	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	328 mg/m³	
New Brunswick	OEL STEL (ppm)	250 ppm	
New Brunswick	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	262 mg/m³	
New Brunswick	OEL TWA (ppm)	200 ppm	
Newfoundland & Labrador	OEL STEL (ppm)	250 ppm	
Newfoundland & Labrador	OEL TWA (ppm)	200 ppm	
Nova Scotia	OEL STEL (ppm)	250 ppm	
Nova Scotia	OEL TWA (ppm)	200 ppm	
Nunavut	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	328 mg/m³	
Nunavut	OEL STEL (ppm)	250 ppm	
Nunavut	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	262 mg/m³	
Nunavut	OEL TWA (ppm)	200 ppm	
Northwest Territories	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	328 mg/m³	
Northwest Territories	OEL STEL (ppm)	250 ppm	
Northwest Territories	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	262 mg/m³	
Northwest Territories	OEL TWA (ppm)	200 ppm	
Ontario	OEL STEL (ppm)	250 ppm	
Ontario	OEL TWA (ppm)	200 ppm	
Prince Edward Island	OEL STEL (ppm)	250 ppm	
Prince Edward Island	OEL TWA (ppm)	200 ppm	
Québec	VECD (mg/m³)	328 mg/m³	
Québec	VECD (ppm)	250 ppm	
Québec	VEMP (mg/m³)	262 mg/m³	
Québec	VEMP (ppm)	200 ppm	
Saskatchewan	OEL STEL (ppm)	250 ppm	
Saskatchewan	OEL TWA (ppm)	200 ppm	
Yukon	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	310 mg/m³	
Yukon	OEL STEL (ppm)	250 ppm	
Yukon	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	260 mg/m³	
Yukon	OEL TWA (ppm)	200 ppm	
1,2-Propylene glycol (57-55-6)			
Ontario	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³ (for assessing the visibility in a work	
		environment where 1,2-Propylene glycol aerosol is	

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		present-aerosol only)
Ontario	OEL TWA (ppm)	50 ppm (aerosol and vapor)

Exposure Controls

Appropriate Engineering Controls: Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure. Proper grounding procedures to avoid static electricity should be followed. Gas detectors should be used when flammable gases/vapors may be released. Use explosion-proof equipment. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Ensure all national/local regulations are observed.

Personal Protective Equipment: Protective goggles. Gloves. Protective clothing. Insufficient ventilation: wear respiratory protection.









Materials for Protective Clothing: Chemically resistant materials and fabrics.

Hand Protection: Wear chemically resistant protective gloves.

Eye Protection: Chemical safety goggles.

Skin and Body Protection: Wear suitable protective clothing.

Respiratory Protection: If exposure limits are exceeded or irritation is experienced, NIOSH approved respiratory protection should

be worn.

Other Information: When using, do not eat, drink or smoke.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on Basic Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical State Liquid **Appearance** Blue Liquid Odor Characteristic **Odor Threshold** Not available

6.3 рΗ

Evaporation Rate Not available -37.22 °C (-35.0 °F) **Melting Point Freezing Point** Not available **Boiling Point** 81.11 °C (178.0 °F) **Flash Point** 38.3 °C (100.94 °F) **Auto-ignition Temperature** Not available **Decomposition Temperature** Not available Flammability (solid, gas) Not available **Lower Flammable Limit** Not available **Upper Flammable Limit** Not available **Vapor Pressure** Not available Relative Vapor Density at 20 °C Not available **Relative Density** Not available 1.05 g/ml **Specific Gravity**

Solubility Soluble in water **Partition Coefficient: N-Octanol/Water** Not available Viscosity Not available

Explosion Data – Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact Not expected to present an explosion hazard due to mechanical impact.

Explosion Data - Sensitivity to Static Discharge Static discharge could act as an ignition source.

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SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity: Reacts with strong oxidants causing fire and explosion hazard.

Chemical Stability: Flammable liquid and vapor. May form flammable/explosive vapor-air mixture.

Possibility of Hazardous Reactions: Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

Conditions to Avoid: Direct sunlight. Extremely high or low temperatures. Sources of ignition. Incompatible materials.

Incompatible Materials: Strong acids. Strong bases. Strong oxidizers.

<u>Hazardous Decomposition Products</u>: Thermal decomposition generates: Carbon oxides (CO, CO₂). Formaldehyde. Formaldehyde is a potential carcinogen and can act as a potential skin and respiratory sensitizer. Formaldehyde can also cause respiratory and eye irritation. May release flammable gases.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on Toxicological Effects - Product

Acute Toxicity: Oral: Toxic if swallowed. Dermal: Toxic in contact with skin.

LD50 and LC50 Data:

Windshield De-Icer Washer Fluid	
ATE US (oral)	285.71 mg/kg body weight
ATE US (dermal)	857.14 mg/kg body weight

Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Not classified

pH: 6.3

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: Not classified

pH: 6.3

Respiratory or Skin Sensitization: Not classified

Germ Cell Mutagenicity: Not classified

Teratogenicity: Not classified **Carcinogenicity:** Not classified

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Repeated Exposure): Not classified

Reproductive Toxicity: Not classified

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure): Causes damage to organs.

Aspiration Hazard: Not classified

Symptoms/Injuries After Inhalation: May cause respiratory irritation. Dizziness. Headache. Cough. Visual disturbances. Weakness. **Symptoms/Injuries After Skin Contact:** Toxic in contact with skin. Absorption through the skin may occur from direct contact. Redness, pain, swelling, itching, burning, dryness, and dermatitis.

Symptoms/Injuries After Eye Contact: May cause eye irritation. Redness, pain.

Symptoms/Injuries After Ingestion: Toxic if swallowed. Ingestion will cause narcotic effects including, but not limited to: nausea, vomiting, abdominal pain, dizziness, incoordination, and respiratory depression. This material contains methanol, which, when ingested, may cause acidosis and ocular toxicity ranging from diminished visual capacity to complete blindness, and possible death.

Chronic Symptoms: None expected under normal conditions of use.

Information on Toxicological Effects - Ingredient(s)

LD50 and LC50 Data:

ED30 and EC30 Data.	
Methyl alcohol (67-56-1)	
LC50 Inhalation Rat	22500 ppm (Exposure time: 8 h)
ATE US (oral)	100.00 mg/kg body weight
ATE US (dermal)	300.00 mg/kg body weight
ATE US (vapors)	3.00 mg/l/4h
1,2-Propylene glycol (57-55-6)	
LD50 Oral Rat	20000 mg/kg
LD50 Dermal Rabbit	20800 mg/kg

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicity No additional information available

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Methyl alcohol (67-56-1)		
LC50 Fish 1	28200 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [flow-through])	
LC 50 Fish 2	> 100 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [static])	
1,2-Propylene glycol (57-55-6)		
LC50 Fish 1	51600 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss [static])	
EC50 Daphnia 1	10000 mg/l (Exposure time: 24 h - Species: Daphnia magna)	
EC50 Daphnia 2	1000 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna [Static])	

Persistence and Degradability

Windshield De-Icer Washer Fluid	
Persistence and Degradability	Not established.

Bioaccumulative Potential

Windshield De-Icer Washer Fluid		
Bioaccumulative Potential	Not established.	
Methyl alcohol (67-56-1)		
BCF Fish 1	< 10	
Log Pow	-0.77	
1,2-Propylene glycol (57-55-6)		
BCF Fish 1	<1	
Log Pow	-0.92	

Mobility in Soil Not available

Other Adverse Effects

Other Information: Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Disposal Recommendations: Dispose of waste material in accordance with all local, regional, national, provincial, territorial and international regulations.

Additional Information: Handle empty containers with care because residual vapors are flammable.

Ecology - Waste Materials: Hazardous waste due to toxicity.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

In Accordance With ICAO/IATA/DOT/TDG/IMDG

UN Number

UN-No.(DOT) : 1992
DOT NA no. : UN1992
UN-No. (TDG) : UN1992
UN-No. (IMDG) : 1992
UN-No.(IATA) : 1992

UN Proper Shipping Name

Proper Shipping Name (DOT): FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS, TOXIC, N.O.S. (Methanol)Proper Shipping Name (TDG): FLAMMABLE LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S. (Methanol)Proper Shipping Name (IATA): FLAMMABLE LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S. (Methanol)Proper Shipping Name (IMDG): FLAMMABLE LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S. (Methanol)

Transport Document Description (DOT) : UN1992 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS, TOXIC, N.O.S. (Methanol), 3, III

Transport Document Description (TDG) : UN1992 FLAMMABLE LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S. (Methanol), 3, III

Transport Hazard Class(es)

Department Of Transportation (DOT) Hazard Classes : 3 - Class 3 - Flammable and combustible liquid 49 CFR 173.120

Hazard Labels (DOT) : 3 - Flammable liquid

. 5 Transmission inquire

6.1 - Poison inhalation hazard

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DOT Symbols

Packing Group (DOT)

DOT Special Provisions (49 CFR 172.102)

: G - Identifies PSN requiring a technical name

: III - Minor Danger

B1 - If the material has a flash point at or above 38 C (100 F) and below 93 C (200 F), then the bulk packaging requirements of 173.241 of this subchapter are applicable. If the material has a flash point of less than 38 C (100 F), then the bulk packaging requirements of 173.242 of this subchapter are applicable.

IB3 - Authorized IBCs: Metal (31A, 31B and 31N); Rigid plastics (31H1 and 31H2); Composite (31HZ1 and 31HA2, 31HB2, 31HN2, 31HD2 and 31HH2). Additional Requirement: Only liquids with a vapor pressure less than or equal to 110 kPa at 50 C (1.1 bar at 122 F), or 130 kPa at 55 C (1.3 bar at 131 F) are authorized, except for UN2672 (also see Special Provision IP8 in Table 2 for UN2672).

T7 - 4 178.274(d)(2) Normal..... 178.275(d)(3)

TP1 - The maximum degree of filling must not exceed the degree of filling determined by the following: Degree of filling = 97 / (1 + a (tr - tf)) Where: tr is the maximum mean bulk temperature during transport, and tf is the temperature in degrees celsius of the liquid during filling.

TP28 - A portable tank having a minimum test pressure of 2.65 bar (265 kPa) may be used provided the calculated test pressure is 2.65 bar or less based on the MAWP of the hazardous material, as defined in 178.275 of this subchapter, where the test pressure is 1.5 times the MAWP.

DOT Packaging Exceptions (49 Cfr 173.xxx)

DOT Packaging Non Bulk (49 Cfr 173.xxx)

DOT Packaging Bulk (49 Cfr 173.xxx)

TDG Primary Hazard Classes

TDG Primary Hazard Classes Tdg Subsidiary Classes

Hazard Labels (TDG)

: 150 : 203 : 242

: 3 - Class 3 - Flammable Liquids

6.1

: 3 - Flammable liquids 6.1 - Toxic substances





Packing Group (TDG)
TDG Special Provisions

: III - Minor Danger

16 - 1) The technical name of the most dangerous substance related to the primary class must be shown, in parentheses, on the shipping document following the shipping name in accordance with clause 3.5(1)(c)(i)(A) of Part 3, Documentation. The technical name must also be shown, in parentheses, on a small means of containment or on a tag following the shipping name in accordance with subsections 4.11(2) and (3) of Part 4, Dangerous Goods Safety Marks.

2) subsection (1), the technical name for the following dangerous goods is not required to be shown on a shipping document or on a small means of containment when Canadian law for domestic transport or an international convention for international transport prohibits the disclosure of the technical: a) UN1544, ALKALOID SALTS, SOLID, N.O.S. or ALKALOIDS, SOLID, N.O.S.; b) UN1851, MEDICINE, LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S.; c) UN3140, ALKALOID SALTS, LIQUID, N.O.S. or ALKALOIDS, LIQUID, N.O.S.; d) UN3248, MEDICINE, LIQUID, FLAMMABLE, TOXIC, N.O.S.; or e) UN3249, MEDICINE, SOLID, TOXIC, N.O.S. An example in Canada is the "Food and Drugs Act".

Explosive Limit And Limited Quantity Index Marine Pollutant

Marine Pollutant : No Passenger Carrying Road Vehicle Or Passenger : 60

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Carrying Railway Vehicle Index

Class (IMDG) : 3

Subsidiary Risks (Imdg) : 6.1 - Toxic substances

Danger Labels (IMDG) : 3, 6.1



Packing Group (IMDG) : III Class (IATA) : 3

Hazard Labels (IATA) : 3, 6.1



Packing Group (IATA) : III - Minor Danger

Additional Information

Emergency Response Guide (ERG) Number : 131

Other Information : This product meets the limited quantities exemption as follows: DOT: Not

regulated as dangerous goods when shipped in inner packagings equal to

or less than 5L. Otherwise, the above descriptions apply.

Transport by sea

Dot Vessel Stowage Location : A - The material may be stowed "on deck" or "under deck" on a cargo vessel and on

a passenger vessel.

Limited Quantities (IMDG) : 5L

Special Provisions (IMDG) : 223,274

Excepted Quantities (IMDG) : E1

IBC Packing Instructions (IMDG) : IBC03

Packing Instructions (IMDG) : P001

Tank Instructions (IMDG) : T7

Tank Special Provisions (IMDG) : TP1,TP28

Stowage Category (IMDG) : A
EMS-NO. (1) : F-E
EMS-NO. (2) : S-D
Marine Pollutant : No

Air transport

DOT Quantity Limitations Passenger Aircraft/Rail (49 CFR 173.27) : 60 L **DOT Quantity Limitations Cargo Aircraft Only (49 CFR 175.75)** : 220 L **CAO Packing Instructions (IATA)** : 366 : 220L **CAO Max Net Quantity (IATA) PCA Packing Instructions (IATA)** : 355 **PCA Limited Quantities (IATA)** : Y343 **PCA Limited Quantity Max Net Quantity (IATA)** : 2L **PCA Max Net Quantity (IATA)** : 60L **PCA Excepted Quantities (IATA)** : E1 **CAO Max Net Quantity (IATA)** : 2201 **CAO Packing Instructions (IATA)** : 366 **Special Provision (IATA)** : A3 Erg Code (IATA) : 3P Instruction "cargo" (ICAO) : Y343 Instruction "cargo" - Limited Quantities (ICAO) : 2L Instruction "passenger" (ICAO) : Y343

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Instruction "passenger" - Limited Quantities (ICAO)

: 2L

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

US Federal Regulations

Windshield De-Icer Washer Fluid	
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes	Fire hazard
	Immediate (acute) health hazard
Methyl alcohol (67-56-1)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances of	Control Act) inventory
Listed on United States SARA Section 313	
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes	Delayed (chronic) health hazard
	Immediate (acute) health hazard
	Fire hazard
SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting	1.0 %
1,2-Propylene glycol (57-55-6)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances of	Control Act) inventory
EPA TSCA Regulatory Flag	Y2 - Y2 - indicates an exempt polymer that is a polyester and is
	made only from reactants included in a specified list of low concern
	reactants that comprises one of the eligibility criteria for the
	exemption rule.

US State Regulations

Methyl alcohol (67-56-1)	
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of
	California to cause birth defects.

Methyl alcohol (67-56-1)

- U.S. California Proposition 65 Maximum Allowable Dose Levels (MADL)
- U.S. California SCAQMD Toxic Air Contaminants Non-Cancer Acute
- U.S. California SCAQMD Toxic Air Contaminants Non-Cancer Chronic
- U.S. California Toxic Air Contaminant List (AB 1807, AB 2728)
- U.S. Colorado Hazardous Wastes Discarded Chemical Products, Off-Specification Species, Container and Spill Residues
- U.S. Connecticut Hazardous Air Pollutants HLVs (30 min)
- U.S. Connecticut Hazardous Air Pollutants HLVs (8 hr)
- U.S. Connecticut Volatile Substances
- U.S. Delaware Pollutant Discharge Requirements Reportable Quantities
- U.S. Idaho Non-Carcinogenic Toxic Air Pollutants Acceptable Ambient Concentrations
- U.S. Idaho Non-Carcinogenic Toxic Air Pollutants Emission Levels (ELs)
- U.S. Idaho Occupational Exposure Limits TWAs
- U.S. Illinois Toxic Air Contaminants
- U.S. Louisiana Reportable Quantity List for Pollutants
- U.S. Maine Air Pollutants Hazardous Air Pollutants
- U.S. Maine Chemicals of High Concern
- U.S. Massachusetts Allowable Ambient Limits (AALs)
- U.S. Massachusetts Allowable Threshold Concentrations (ATCs)
- U.S. Massachusetts Oil & Hazardous Material List Groundwater Reportable Concentration Reporting Category 1
- U.S. Massachusetts Oil & Hazardous Material List Groundwater Reportable Concentration Reporting Category 2
- U.S. Massachusetts Oil & Hazardous Material List Reportable Quantity
- U.S. Massachusetts Oil & Hazardous Material List Soil Reportable Concentration Reporting Category 1
- U.S. Massachusetts Oil & Hazardous Material List Soil Reportable Concentration Reporting Category 2
- RTK U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. Massachusetts Threshold Effects Exposure Limits (TELs)
- U.S. Massachusetts Toxics Use Reduction Act
- U.S. Michigan Occupational Exposure Limits Skin Designations
- U.S. Michigan Occupational Exposure Limits STELs

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- U.S. Michigan Occupational Exposure Limits TWAs
- U.S. Michigan Polluting Materials List
- U.S. Minnesota Chemicals of High Concern
- U.S. Minnesota Groundwater Health Risk Limits
- U.S. Minnesota Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Minnesota Permissible Exposure Limits Skin Designations
- U.S. Minnesota Permissible Exposure Limits STELs
- U.S. Minnesota Permissible Exposure Limits TWAs
- U.S. New Hampshire Regulated Toxic Air Pollutants Ambient Air Levels (AALs) 24-Hour
- U.S. New Hampshire Regulated Toxic Air Pollutants Ambient Air Levels (AALs) Annual
- U.S. New Jersey Discharge Prevention List of Hazardous Substances
- U.S. New Jersey Environmental Hazardous Substances List
- RTK U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. New Jersey Special Health Hazards Substances List
- U.S. New Jersey Water Quality Ground Water Quality Criteria
- U.S. New Jersey Water Quality Practical Quantitation Levels (PQLs)
- U.S. New York Occupational Exposure Limits Skin Designations
- U.S. New York Occupational Exposure Limits TWAs
- U.S. New York Reporting of Releases Part 597 List of Hazardous Substances
- U.S. North Dakota Air Pollutants Guideline Concentrations 1-Hour
- U.S. North Dakota Air Pollutants Guideline Concentrations 8-Hour
- U.S. North Dakota Hazardous Wastes Discarded Chemical Products, Off-Specification Species, Container and Spill Residues
- U.S. Oregon Permissible Exposure Limits TWAs
- U.S. California Safer Consumer Products Initial List of Candidate Chemicals and Chemical Groups
- RTK U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) Environmental Hazard List
- RTK U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List
- U.S. Rhode Island Air Toxics Acceptable Ambient Levels 1-Hour
- U.S. Rhode Island Air Toxics Acceptable Ambient Levels Annual
- U.S. South Carolina Toxic Air Pollutants Maximum Allowable Concentrations
- U.S. South Carolina Toxic Air Pollutants Pollutant Categories
- U.S. Tennessee Occupational Exposure Limits Skin Designations
- U.S. Tennessee Occupational Exposure Limits STELs
- U.S. Tennessee Occupational Exposure Limits TWAs
- U.S. Texas Effects Screening Levels Long Term
- U.S. Texas Effects Screening Levels Short Term
- U.S. Vermont Permissible Exposure Limits Skin Designations
- U.S. Vermont Permissible Exposure Limits STELs
- U.S. Vermont Permissible Exposure Limits TWAs
- U.S. Washington Dangerous Waste Discarded Chemical Products List
- U.S. Washington Permissible Exposure Limits Skin Designations
- U.S. Washington Permissible Exposure Limits STELs
- U.S. Washington Permissible Exposure Limits TWAs

1,2-Propylene glycol (57-55-6)

- U.S. Minnesota Hazardous Substance List
- RTK U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- RTK U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List
- U.S. Texas Effects Screening Levels Long Term
- U.S. Texas Effects Screening Levels Short Term

Canadian Regulations

Windshield De-Icer Washer Fluid	
WHMIS Classification	Class B Division 3 - Combustible Liquid
	Class D Division 1 Subdivision B - Toxic material causing immediate and serious toxic effects

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Methyl alcohol (67-56-1)		
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)		
Listed on the Canadian IDL	Ingredient Disclosure List)	
IDL Concentration 1 %		
WHMIS Classification	Class B Division 2 - Flammable Liquid	
	Class D Division 1 Subdivision B - Toxic material causing immediate and serious toxic effects	
	Class D Division 2 Subdivision A - Very toxic material causing other toxic effects	
1,2-Propylene glycol (57-55-6)		
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)		
Listed on the Canadian IDL (Ingredient Disclosure List)		
IDL Concentration 1 %		
WHMIS Classification	Uncontrolled product according to WHMIS classification criteria	

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the SDS contains all of the information required by CPR.

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION, INCLUDING DATE OF PREPARATION OR LAST REVISION

Revision Date : 03/19/2015

Other Information : This document has been prepared in accordance with the SDS requirements of the OSHA

Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200.

GHS Full Text Phrases:

Acute Tox. 3 (Dermal)	Acute toxicity (dermal) Category 3
Acute Tox. 3 (Inhalation:vapor)	Acute toxicity (inhalation:vapor) Category 3
Acute Tox. 3 (Oral)	Acute toxicity (oral) Category 3
Flam. Liq. 2	Flammable liquids Category 2
Flam. Liq. 3	Flammable liquids Category 3
STOT SE 1	Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 1
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapor
H226	Flammable liquid and vapor
H301	Toxic if swallowed
H311	Toxic in contact with skin
H331	Toxic if inhaled
H370	Causes damage to organs

NFPA Health Hazard 3 - Short exposure could cause serious temporary or

residual injury even though prompt medical attention was

3 - Liquids and solids that can be ignited under almost all **NFPA Fire Hazard**

ambient conditions.

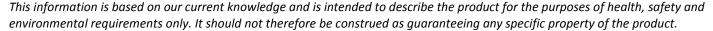
0 - Normally stable, even under fire exposure conditions, **NFPA Reactivity**

and are not reactive with water.

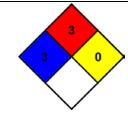
Party Responsible for the Preparation of This Document

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North America GHS US 2012 & WHMIS 2



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