



+ 21F Windshield Washer Fluid

Safety Data Sheet

According To Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules And Regulations

Revision Date: 06/04/2015

Date of issue: 06/04/2014

Version: 1.0

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION

Product Identifier

Product Form: Mixture

Product Name: + 21F Windshield Washer Fluid

Product Code: 31006, 31006G55

Intended Use of the Product

Windshield Wash

Name, Address, and Telephone of the Responsible Party

Company

Star brite Inc.

4041 SW 47th Avenue

Fort Lauderdale, FL 33314

(954)587-6280

www.starbrite.com

Emergency Telephone Number

Emergency Number : US: (800) 424-9300; International: (703) 527-3887 (CHEMTREC)

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification of the Substance or Mixture

Classification (GHS-US)

Flam. Liq. 4 H227

Acute Tox. 4 (Oral) H302

STOT SE 1 H370

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

Label Elements

GHS-US Labeling

Hazard Pictograms (GHS-US)



Signal Word (GHS-US)

: Danger

Hazard Statements (GHS-US)

: H227 - Combustible liquid.
H302 - Harmful if swallowed.
H370 - Causes damage to organs.

Precautionary Statements (GHS-US)

: P210 - Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames, hot surfaces. No smoking.
P260 - Do not breathe mist, spray, vapors.
P264 - Wash hands, forearms, and exposed areas thoroughly after handling.
P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
P280 - Wear eye protection, protective clothing, protective gloves.
P301+P312 - IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell.
P307+P311 - If exposed: Call a poison center/doctor.
P321 - Specific treatment (see Section 4).
P330 - Rinse mouth.
P370+P378 - In case of fire: Use alcohol resistant foam, water spray or fog, carbon dioxide (CO₂) to extinguish.
P403+P235 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
P405 - Store locked up.
P501 - Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national, territorial, provincial, and international regulations.

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Other Hazards

Exposure may aggravate those with pre-existing eye, skin, or respiratory conditions. Risk of explosion if heated under confinement.

Unknown Acute Toxicity (GHS-US) Not available

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Mixture

| Name | Product Identifier | % (w/w) | Classification (GHS-US) |
|----------------------------------|--------------------|---------|--|
| Methyl alcohol | (CAS No) 67-56-1 | 7 | Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 3 (Oral), H301 Acute Tox. 3 (Dermal), H311 Acute Tox. 3 (Inhalation:vapor), H331 STOT SE 1, H370 |
| Dimethylol-5,5-dimethylhydantoin | (CAS No) 6440-58-0 | 0.15 | Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302 |

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of First Aid Measures

General: Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible).

Inhalation: Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

Skin Contact: Remove affected clothing and wash all exposed skin area with mild soap and water, followed by warm water rinse. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

Eye Contact: Rinse cautiously with water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do so. Continue rinsing. Obtain medical attention if irritation persists.

Ingestion: Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting. If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label.

Most Important Symptoms and Effects Both Acute and Delayed

General: May be harmful if swallowed. Causes damage to organs.

Inhalation: May cause respiratory irritation. Dizziness. Cough. Nausea.

Skin Contact: May cause skin irritation. Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Eye Contact: May cause eye irritation. Redness, pain.

Ingestion: Swallowing a small quantity of this material will result in serious health hazard. This material contains methanol, which, when ingested, may cause acidosis and ocular toxicity ranging from diminished visual capacity to complete blindness, and possible death.

Chronic Symptoms: None expected under normal conditions of use.

Indication of Any Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed

If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible).

SECTION 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing Media

Suitable Extinguishing Media: Dry chemical powder, alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide (CO₂), water spray or fog.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media: Do not use a heavy water stream. A heavy water stream may spread burning liquid.

Special Hazards Arising From the Substance or Mixture

Fire Hazard: Combustible liquid.

Explosion Hazard: May form flammable/explosive vapor-air mixture.

Reactivity: Reacts with strong oxidants causing fire and explosion hazard.

Advice for Firefighters

Precautionary Measures Fire: Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire.

Firefighting Instructions: Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water sources. Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers. In case of major fire and large quantities: Evacuate area. Fight fire remotely due to the risk of explosion. Do not breathe fumes from fires or vapors from decomposition.

Protection During Firefighting: Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection.

Hazardous Combustion Products: Carbon oxides (CO, CO₂).

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Reference to Other Sections

Refer to section 9 for flammability properties.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures

General Measures: Use special care to avoid static electric charges. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. No smoking. Do NOT breathe vapor, mist, spray.

For Non-Emergency Personnel

Protective Equipment: Use appropriate personal protection equipment (PPE).

Emergency Procedures: Evacuate unnecessary personnel.

For Emergency Personnel

Protective Equipment: Equip cleanup crew with proper protection.

Emergency Procedures: Evacuate unnecessary personnel. Eliminate ignition sources. Stop leak if safe to do so. Ventilate area.

Environmental Precautions

Prevent entry to sewers and public waters.

Methods and Material for Containment and Cleaning Up

For Containment: Contain any spills with dikes or absorbents to prevent migration and entry into sewers or streams.

Methods for Cleaning Up: Clear up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Absorb and/or contain spill with inert material, then place in suitable container. Do not take up in combustible material such as: saw dust or cellulosic material. Use only non-sparking tools. Contact competent authorities after a spill.

Reference to Other Sections

See heading 8, Exposure Controls and Personal Protection. Concerning disposal elimination after cleaning, see item 13.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for Safe Handling

Additional Hazards When Processed: Handle empty containers with care because residual vapors are flammable. Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames, hot surfaces. No smoking.

Hygiene Measures: Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety procedures. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking, or smoking and again when leaving work. Wash hands and forearms thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Always wash your hands immediately after handling this product, and once again before leaving the workplace.

Conditions for Safe Storage, Including Any Incompatibilities

Technical Measures: Proper grounding procedures to avoid static electricity should be followed.

Storage Conditions: Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep container closed when not in use. Keep in fireproof place. Store locked up. Keep/Store away from direct sunlight, extremely high or low temperatures, sources of ignition, and incompatible materials.

Incompatible Materials: Strong acids. Strong bases. Strong oxidizers.

Specific End Use(s) Windshield Wash

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control Parameters

For substances listed in section 3 that are not listed here, there are no established Exposure limits from the manufacturer, supplier, importer, or the appropriate advisory agency including: ACGIH (TLV), NIOSH (REL), OSHA (PEL), Canadian provincial governments, or the Mexican government

| Methyl alcohol (67-56-1) | | |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------|-----------------------|
| USA ACGIH | ACGIH TWA (ppm) | 200 ppm |
| USA ACGIH | ACGIH STEL (ppm) | 250 ppm |
| USA OSHA | OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m ³) | 260 mg/m ³ |
| USA OSHA | OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm) | 200 ppm |
| USA NIOSH | NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m ³) | 260 mg/m ³ |
| USA NIOSH | NIOSH REL (TWA) (ppm) | 200 ppm |
| USA NIOSH | NIOSH REL (STEL) (mg/m ³) | 325 mg/m ³ |
| USA NIOSH | NIOSH REL (STEL) (ppm) | 250 ppm |
| USA IDLH | US IDLH (ppm) | 6000 ppm |

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| | | |
|-------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Alberta | OEL STEL (mg/m ³) | 328 mg/m ³ |
| Alberta | OEL STEL (ppm) | 250 ppm |
| Alberta | OEL TWA (mg/m ³) | 262 mg/m ³ |
| Alberta | OEL TWA (ppm) | 200 ppm |
| British Columbia | OEL STEL (ppm) | 250 ppm |
| British Columbia | OEL TWA (ppm) | 200 ppm |
| Manitoba | OEL STEL (ppm) | 250 ppm |
| Manitoba | OEL TWA (ppm) | 200 ppm |
| New Brunswick | OEL STEL (mg/m ³) | 328 mg/m ³ |
| New Brunswick | OEL STEL (ppm) | 250 ppm |
| New Brunswick | OEL TWA (mg/m ³) | 262 mg/m ³ |
| New Brunswick | OEL TWA (ppm) | 200 ppm |
| Newfoundland & Labrador | OEL STEL (ppm) | 250 ppm |
| Newfoundland & Labrador | OEL TWA (ppm) | 200 ppm |
| Nova Scotia | OEL STEL (ppm) | 250 ppm |
| Nova Scotia | OEL TWA (ppm) | 200 ppm |
| Nunavut | OEL STEL (mg/m ³) | 328 mg/m ³ |
| Nunavut | OEL STEL (ppm) | 250 ppm |
| Nunavut | OEL TWA (mg/m ³) | 262 mg/m ³ |
| Nunavut | OEL TWA (ppm) | 200 ppm |
| Northwest Territories | OEL STEL (mg/m ³) | 328 mg/m ³ |
| Northwest Territories | OEL STEL (ppm) | 250 ppm |
| Northwest Territories | OEL TWA (mg/m ³) | 262 mg/m ³ |
| Northwest Territories | OEL TWA (ppm) | 200 ppm |
| Ontario | OEL STEL (ppm) | 250 ppm |
| Ontario | OEL TWA (ppm) | 200 ppm |
| Prince Edward Island | OEL STEL (ppm) | 250 ppm |
| Prince Edward Island | OEL TWA (ppm) | 200 ppm |
| Québec | VECD (mg/m ³) | 328 mg/m ³ |
| Québec | VECD (ppm) | 250 ppm |
| Québec | VEMP (mg/m ³) | 262 mg/m ³ |
| Québec | VEMP (ppm) | 200 ppm |
| Saskatchewan | OEL STEL (ppm) | 250 ppm |
| Saskatchewan | OEL TWA (ppm) | 200 ppm |
| Yukon | OEL STEL (mg/m ³) | 310 mg/m ³ |
| Yukon | OEL STEL (ppm) | 250 ppm |
| Yukon | OEL TWA (mg/m ³) | 260 mg/m ³ |
| Yukon | OEL TWA (ppm) | 200 ppm |

Exposure Controls

Appropriate Engineering Controls: Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Proper grounding procedures to avoid static electricity should be followed. Gas detectors should be used when flammable gases or vapors may be released. Ensure all national/local regulations are observed.

Personal Protective Equipment: Protective clothing. Protective goggles. Gloves.



Materials for Protective Clothing: Chemically resistant materials and fabrics.

Hand Protection: Wear chemically resistant protective gloves.

Eye Protection: Chemical safety goggles.

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Skin and Body Protection: Wear suitable protective clothing.

Respiratory Protection: If exposure limits are exceeded or irritation is experienced, NIOSH approved respiratory protection should be worn.

Other Information: When using, do not eat, drink or smoke.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on Basic Physical and Chemical Properties

| | |
|---|---|
| Physical State | : Liquid |
| Appearance | : Blue Liquid |
| Odor | : Characteristic |
| Odor Threshold | : Not available |
| pH | : 7.5 |
| Evaporation Rate | : Not available |
| Melting Point | : -6 °C (21.2 °F) |
| Freezing Point | : Not available |
| Boiling Point | : 91.67 °C (197.01 °F) |
| Flash Point | : 87.76 °C (189.97 °F) |
| Auto-ignition Temperature | : Not available |
| Decomposition Temperature | : Not available |
| Flammability (solid, gas) | : Not available |
| Lower Flammable Limit | : Not available |
| Upper Flammable Limit | : Not available |
| Vapor Pressure | : Not available |
| Relative Vapor Density at 20 °C | : Not available |
| Relative Density | : Not available |
| Specific Gravity | : 0.988 g/ml |
| Solubility | : Soluble in water |
| Partition Coefficient: N-Octanol/Water | : Not available |
| Viscosity | : Not available |
| Explosion Data – Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact | : Not expected to present an explosion hazard due to mechanical impact. |
| Explosion Data – Sensitivity to Static Discharge | : Static discharge could act as an ignition source. |

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity: Reacts with strong oxidants causing fire and explosion hazard.

Chemical Stability: Combustible liquid. May form flammable/explosive vapor-air mixture.

Possibility of Hazardous Reactions: Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

Conditions to Avoid: Direct sunlight. Extremely high or low temperatures. Open flame. Overheating. Sparks. Ignition sources.

Incompatible Materials: Strong acids. Strong bases. Strong oxidizers.

Hazardous Decomposition Products: Thermal decomposition generates : Carbon oxides (CO, CO₂). May release flammable gases. Formaldehyde. Formaldehyde is a potential carcinogen and can act as a potential skin and respiratory sensitizer. Formaldehyde can also cause respiratory and eye irritation.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on Toxicological Effects - Product

Acute Toxicity: Oral: Harmful if swallowed.

ID50 and IC50 Data:

| | |
|-------------------------------|----------------------------|
| + 21F Windshield Washer Fluid | |
| ATE US (oral) | 1,428.57 mg/kg body weight |

Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Not classified

pH: 7.5

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: Not classified

pH: 7.5

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Respiratory or Skin Sensitization: Not classified

Germ Cell Mutagenicity: Not classified

Teratogenicity: Not classified

Carcinogenicity: Not classified

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Repeated Exposure): Not classified

Reproductive Toxicity: Not classified

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure): Causes damage to organs.

Aspiration Hazard: Not classified

Symptoms/Injuries After Inhalation: May cause respiratory irritation. Dizziness. Cough. Nausea.

Symptoms/Injuries After Skin Contact: May cause skin irritation. Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Symptoms/Injuries After Eye Contact: May cause eye irritation. Redness, pain.

Symptoms/Injuries After Ingestion: Swallowing a small quantity of this material will result in serious health hazard. This material contains methanol, which, when ingested, may cause acidosis and ocular toxicity ranging from diminished visual capacity to complete blindness, and possible death.

Chronic Symptoms: None expected under normal conditions of use.

Information on Toxicological Effects - Ingredient(s)

ID50 and IC50 Data:

| Methyl alcohol (67-56-1) | |
|---|--------------------------------|
| IC50 Inhalation Rat | 22500 ppm (Exposure time: 8 h) |
| ATE US (oral) | 100.00 mg/kg body weight |
| ATE US (dermal) | 300.00 mg/kg body weight |
| ATE US (vapors) | 3.00 mg/l/4h |
| Dimethylol-5,5-dimethylhydantoin (6440-58-0) | |
| ID50 Oral Rat | 1572 mg/kg |

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicity No additional information available

| Methyl alcohol (67-56-1) | |
|---|--|
| IC50 Fish 1 | 28200 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [flow-through]) |
| IC 50 Fish 2 | > 100 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [static]) |
| Dimethylol-5,5-dimethylhydantoin (6440-58-0) | |
| IC50 Fish 1 | 514 mg/l (Freshwater [96h static] Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss) |

Persistence and Degradability

| + 21F Windshield Washer Fluid | |
|--------------------------------------|------------------|
| Persistence and Degradability | Not established. |

Bioaccumulative Potential

| + 21F Windshield Washer Fluid | |
|--------------------------------------|------------------|
| Bioaccumulative Potential | Not established. |

| Methyl alcohol (67-56-1) | |
|---------------------------------|-------|
| BCF Fish 1 | < 10 |
| Log Pow | -0.77 |

Mobility in Soil Not available

Other Adverse Effects

Other Information: Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Disposal Recommendations: Dispose of waste material in accordance with all local, regional, national, provincial, territorial and international regulations.

Additional Information: Handle empty containers with care because residual vapors are flammable.

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SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

In Accordance With ICAO/IATA/DOT/TDG/IMDG

UN Number

DOT NA no. : NA1993

UN Proper Shipping Name

Proper Shipping Name (DOT) : COMBUSTIBLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (Contains: Methyl alcohol)

Transport Document Description (DOT)

Transport Document Description (DOT) : NA1993 COMBUSTIBLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (CONTAINS: METHANOL), 3, III

Transport Hazard Class(es)

Department Of Transportation (DOT) Hazard Classes : 3 - Class 3 - Flammable and combustible liquid 49 CFR 173.120

DOT Symbols : D - Proper shipping name for domestic use only, G - Identifies PSN requiring a technical name

Packing Group (DOT) : III - Minor Danger

DOT Special Provisions (49 CFR 172.102) : IB3 - Authorized IBCs: Metal (31A, 31B and 31N); Rigid plastics (31H1 and 31H2); Composite (31HZ1 and 31HA2, 31HB2, 31HN2, 31HD2 and 31HH2). Additional Requirement: Only liquids with a vapor pressure less than or equal to 110 kPa at 50 C (1.1 bar at 122 F), or 130 kPa at 55 C (1.3 bar at 131 F) are authorized, except for UN2672 (also see Special Provision IP8 in Table 2 for UN2672).

T1 - 1.5 178.274(d)(2) Normal..... 178.275(d)(2)

T4 - 2.65 178.274(d)(2) Normal..... 178.275(d)(3)

TP1 - The maximum degree of filling must not exceed the degree of filling determined by the following: Degree of filling = $97 / (1 + a (tr - tf))$ Where: tr is the maximum mean bulk temperature during transport, and tf is the temperature in degrees celsius of the liquid during filling.

DOT Packaging Exceptions (49 Cfr 173.xxx) : 150

DOT Packaging Non Bulk (49 Cfr 173.xxx) : 203

DOT Packaging Bulk (49 Cfr 173.xxx) : 241

Marine Pollutant : No

Additional Information

Emergency Response Guide (ERG) Number : 128

Other Information : This product meets the limited quantity exceptions as follows: DOT: Not regulated as dangerous goods except when shipped in bulk. Otherwise, the above descriptions apply.

In Accordance with IMDG Not regulated for transport

In Accordance with IATA Not regulated for transport

In Accordance with TDG Not regulated for transport

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

US Federal Regulations

| | |
|---|---|
| + 21F Windshield Washer Fluid | |
| SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes | Fire hazard Immediate (acute) health hazard |
| Methyl alcohol (67-56-1) | |
| Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory | |
| Listed on United States SARA Section 313 | |
| SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes | Delayed (chronic) health hazard Immediate (acute) health hazard Fire hazard |
| SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting | 1.0 % |
| Dimethylol-5,5-dimethylhydantoin (6440-58-0) | |
| Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory | |

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US State Regulations

Methyl alcohol (67-56-1)

U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity

WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause birth defects.

Methyl alcohol (67-56-1)

U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Maximum Allowable Dose Levels (MADL)
U.S. - California - SCAQMD - Toxic Air Contaminants - Non-Cancer Acute
U.S. - California - SCAQMD - Toxic Air Contaminants - Non-Cancer Chronic
U.S. - California - Toxic Air Contaminant List (AB 1807, AB 2728)
U.S. - Colorado - Hazardous Wastes - Discarded Chemical Products, Off-Specification Species, Container and Spill Residues
U.S. - Connecticut - Hazardous Air Pollutants - HLVs (30 min)
U.S. - Connecticut - Hazardous Air Pollutants - HLVs (8 hr)
U.S. - Connecticut - Volatile Substances
U.S. - Delaware - Pollutant Discharge Requirements - Reportable Quantities
U.S. - Idaho - Non-Carcinogenic Toxic Air Pollutants - Acceptable Ambient Concentrations
U.S. - Idaho - Non-Carcinogenic Toxic Air Pollutants - Emission Levels (ELs)
U.S. - Idaho - Occupational Exposure Limits - TWAs
U.S. - Illinois - Toxic Air Contaminants
U.S. - Louisiana - Reportable Quantity List for Pollutants
U.S. - Maine - Air Pollutants - Hazardous Air Pollutants
U.S. - Maine - Chemicals of High Concern
U.S. - Massachusetts - Allowable Ambient Limits (AALs)
U.S. - Massachusetts - Allowable Threshold Concentrations (ATCs)
U.S. - Massachusetts - Oil & Hazardous Material List - Groundwater Reportable Concentration - Reporting Category 1
U.S. - Massachusetts - Oil & Hazardous Material List - Groundwater Reportable Concentration - Reporting Category 2
U.S. - Massachusetts - Oil & Hazardous Material List - Reportable Quantity
U.S. - Massachusetts - Oil & Hazardous Material List - Soil Reportable Concentration - Reporting Category 1
U.S. - Massachusetts - Oil & Hazardous Material List - Soil Reportable Concentration - Reporting Category 2
RTK - U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List
U.S. - Massachusetts - Threshold Effects Exposure Limits (TEELs)
U.S. - Massachusetts - Toxics Use Reduction Act
U.S. - Michigan - Occupational Exposure Limits - Skin Designations
U.S. - Michigan - Occupational Exposure Limits - STELs
U.S. - Michigan - Occupational Exposure Limits - TWAs
U.S. - Michigan - Polluting Materials List
U.S. - Minnesota - Chemicals of High Concern
U.S. - Minnesota - Groundwater Health Risk Limits
U.S. - Minnesota - Hazardous Substance List
U.S. - Minnesota - Permissible Exposure Limits - Skin Designations
U.S. - Minnesota - Permissible Exposure Limits - STELs
U.S. - Minnesota - Permissible Exposure Limits - TWAs
U.S. - New Hampshire - Regulated Toxic Air Pollutants - Ambient Air Levels (AALs) - 24-Hour
U.S. - New Hampshire - Regulated Toxic Air Pollutants - Ambient Air Levels (AALs) - Annual
U.S. - New Jersey - Discharge Prevention - List of Hazardous Substances
U.S. - New Jersey - Environmental Hazardous Substances List
RTK - U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
U.S. - New Jersey - Special Health Hazards Substances List
U.S. - New Jersey - Water Quality - Ground Water Quality Criteria
U.S. - New Jersey - Water Quality - Practical Quantitation Levels (PQLs)
U.S. - New York - Occupational Exposure Limits - Skin Designations
U.S. - New York - Occupational Exposure Limits - TWAs

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U.S. - North Dakota - Air Pollutants - Guideline Concentrations - 1-Hour
 U.S. - North Dakota - Air Pollutants - Guideline Concentrations - 8-Hour
 U.S. - North Dakota - Hazardous Wastes - Discarded Chemical Products, Off-Specification Species, Container and Spill Residues
 U.S. - Oregon - Permissible Exposure Limits - TWAs
 U.S. - California - Safer Consumer Products - Initial List of Candidate Chemicals and Chemical Groups
 RTK - U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) - Environmental Hazard List
 RTK - U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List
 U.S. - Rhode Island - Air Toxics - Acceptable Ambient Levels - 1-Hour
 U.S. - Rhode Island - Air Toxics - Acceptable Ambient Levels - Annual
 U.S. - South Carolina - Toxic Air Pollutants - Maximum Allowable Concentrations
 U.S. - South Carolina - Toxic Air Pollutants - Pollutant Categories
 U.S. - Tennessee - Occupational Exposure Limits - Skin Designations
 U.S. - Tennessee - Occupational Exposure Limits - STELs
 U.S. - Tennessee - Occupational Exposure Limits - TWAs
 U.S. - Texas - Effects Screening Levels - Long Term
 U.S. - Texas - Effects Screening Levels - Short Term
 U.S. - Vermont - Permissible Exposure Limits - Skin Designations
 U.S. - Vermont - Permissible Exposure Limits - STELs
 U.S. - Vermont - Permissible Exposure Limits - TWAs
 U.S. - Washington - Dangerous Waste - Discarded Chemical Products List
 U.S. - Washington - Permissible Exposure Limits - Skin Designations
 U.S. - Washington - Permissible Exposure Limits - STELs
 U.S. - Washington - Permissible Exposure Limits - TWAs

Canadian Regulations

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| | |
|----------------------|---|
| WHMIS Classification | Class B Division 3 - Combustible Liquid Class D Division 2 Subdivision A - Very toxic material causing other toxic effects |
|----------------------|---|



Methyl alcohol (67-56-1)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

Listed on the Canadian IDL (Ingredient Disclosure List)

IDL Concentration 1 %

| | |
|----------------------|--|
| WHMIS Classification | Class B Division 2 - Flammable Liquid Class D Division 1 Subdivision B - Toxic material causing immediate and serious toxic effects Class D Division 2 Subdivision A - Very toxic material causing other toxic effects |
|----------------------|--|

Dimethylol-5,5-dimethylhydantoin (6440-58-0)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

| | |
|----------------------|---|
| WHMIS Classification | Uncontrolled product according to WHMIS classification criteria |
|----------------------|---|

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the SDS contains all of the information required by CPR.

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION, INCLUDING DATE OF PREPARATION OR LAST REVISION

Revision Date : 06/04/2015

Other Information : This document has been prepared in accordance with the SDS requirements of the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200.

GHS Full Text Phrases:

| | |
|---------------------------------|--|
| Acute Tox. 3 (Dermal) | Acute toxicity (dermal) Category 3 |
| Acute Tox. 3 (Inhalation:vapor) | Acute toxicity (inhalation:vapor) Category 3 |
| Acute Tox. 3 (Oral) | Acute toxicity (oral) Category 3 |

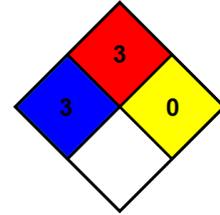
+ 21F Windshield Washer Fluid

Safety Data Sheet

According To Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules And Regulations

| | |
|---------------------|---|
| Acute Tox. 4 (Oral) | Acute toxicity (oral) Category 4 |
| Flam. Liq. 2 | Flammable liquids Category 2 |
| Flam. Liq. 4 | Flammable liquids Category 4 |
| STOT SE 1 | Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 1 |
| H225 | Highly flammable liquid and vapor |
| H227 | Combustible liquid |
| H301 | Toxic if swallowed |
| H302 | Harmful if swallowed |
| H311 | Toxic in contact with skin |
| H331 | Toxic if inhaled |
| H370 | Causes damage to organs |

- NFPA Health Hazard** : 3 - Short exposure could cause serious temporary or residual injury even though prompt medical attention was given.
- NFPA Fire Hazard** : 3 - Liquids and solids that can be ignited under almost all ambient conditions.
- NFPA Reactivity** : 0 - Normally stable, even under fire exposure conditions, and are not reactive with water.



Party Responsible for the Preparation of This Document

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This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.

North America GHS US 2012 & WHMIS 2